

No. F.2 (E)/2023-NDMA (TC Alert-XXIV) Government of Pakistan Prime Minister's Office National Disaster Management Authority Islamabad

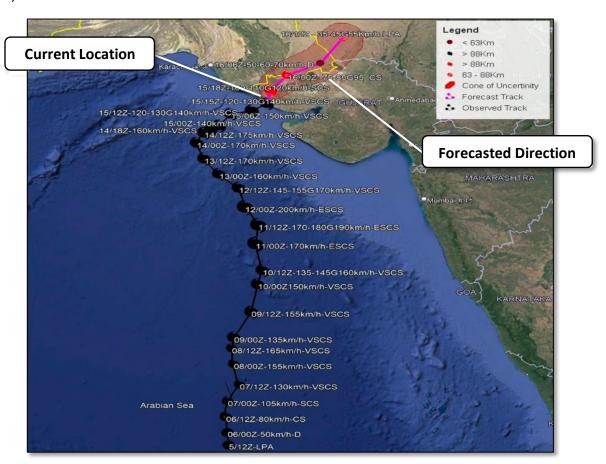


Dated: 15 June 2023 2230 hours

Subject: Landfall of Very Severe Cyclonic Storm "BIPARJOY"

Reference: NDMA TC-Advisory No.F.2(E)/2023-NDMA(TC-Alert-XXIII) dated 15 Jun 2023

In continuation of above referred TC Advisory, PMD has issued a Press Release (*Annex A*) containing latest updates regarding landfall of Very Severe Cyclonic Storm (VSCS) "BIPARJOY".



- 2. VCSC BIPARJOY over northeast Arabian Sea has commenced landfall process along the Indian Gujrat coast (Jakhau Port) and Pakistan-India border with sustained surface winds of 100-120 km/h and 130 km/h gusts around the system center.
- 3. It must be highlighted that the VSCS has NOT YET REACHED Keti Bandar and its impacts in Pakistan will only be ascertained with its further development. However, major impact of landfall on the Indian side is expected. Nevertheless, requisite measures must be undertaken by all concerned to ensure preparedness and effective response.

- Possible impacts under the current forecasted system for 15 17 June are as under: -
 - a. Widespread rain and thunderstorms with some heavy / very heavy falls
 & squally winds (80-100 km/h) expected in Districts Thatta, Sujawal,
 Badin, Tharparkar, Mirpurkhas & Umerkot.
 - b. Dust / thunderstorm / rain, with few heavy falls & gusty winds (30-50 km/h) likely in Districts Karachi, Hyderabad, Tando Muhammad Khan, Tando Allayar, Shaheed Benazirabad, Sanghar.
 - c. Squally winds in Districts Thatha, Sujawal, Badin, Tharparker and Umerkot may damage loose structures, kacha houses, under construction buildings, solar panels, trees and billboards.
 - d. **Sea conditions** along **Sindh-Makran coast** may get **rough / very rough** (2-2.5 metres).
 - e. Given anticipated sea conditions, fishermen in Sindh and Balochistan will not be able venture into open sea until 17 June 2023.
 - f. High risk of storm surge of 2-2.5 metres (6-8 feet) along coastline, especially at Keti Bandar & surrounding areas, which may be exasperated by occurrence of high tide. Details of high tide times as provided by National Institute of Oceanography (NIO) are below: -

Day	Keti Bandar		Sir Creek		Karachi		Gharo	
	1st High Tide	2nd High Tide						
Tue 13	7:31am	6:42pm	8:26am	7:37pm	7:31am	6:42pm	7:31am	6:42pm
	▲ 2.5 m	▲ 2.9 m	▲ 2.3 m	▲ 2.7 m	▲ 2.2 m	▲ 2.6 m	▲ 2.2 m	▲ 2.6 m
Wed 14	8:39am	7:30pm	9:34am	8:25pm	8:39am	7:30pm	8:39am	7:30pm
	▲ 2.7 m	▲ 2.9 m	▲ 2.5 m	▲ 2.7 m	▲ 2.4 m	▲ 2.6 m	▲ 2.4 m	▲ 2.6 m
Thu 15	9:32am	8:15pm	10:27am	9:10pm	9:32am	8:15pm	9:32am	8:15pm
	▲ 2.9 m	▲ 2.9 m	▲ 2.7 m	▲ 2.7 m	▲ 2.6 m	▲ 2.6 m	▲ 2.6 m	▲ 2.6 m
Fri 16	10:17am	8:56pm	11:12am	9:51pm	10:17am	8:56pm	10:17am	8:56pm
	▲ 3 m	▲ 2.8 m	▲ 2.8 m	▲ 2.6 m	▲ 2.7 m	▲ 2.5 m	▲ 2.7 m	▲ 2.5 m
Sat 17	10:56am	9:36pm	11:51am	10:31pm	10:56am	9:36pm	10:56am	9:36pm
	▲ 3.1 m	▲ 2.8 m	▲ 2.9 m	▲ 2.6 m	▲ 2.8 m	▲ 2.5 m	▲ 2.8 m	▲ 2.5 m

5. The guidelines, in addition to any measures already undertaken by stakeholders, are outlined as under: -

a. **PDMA / DDMAs**

(1) Continuously monitor development of the cyclone and maintain necessary coordination through respective emergency operation centers with all stakeholders.

- (2) Ensure all emergency operation centers have backup power / generators and uninterrupted communication systems for continuous coordination.
- (3) Utilize multiple communication channels for persistent awareness campaigns, including television, radio, social media and SMS alerts, to inform coastal and adjoining communities about emergency evacuation procedures, relief camp locations and important safety measures.
- (4) Ensure interdepartmental coordination with Rescue Agencies, Armed Forces and concerned departments to ensure the safety of people and structures in high-risk and low-lying areas vulnerable to storm surges, coastal flooding, urban flooding and gusty winds.
- (5) Carry out reconnaissance under requisite safety measures to assess the evacuation process completed so far and ensure complete evacuation from high-risk areas.
- (6) Coordinate with district and municipal administrations to implement protective measures for thunderstorms, flash flooding, high-speed winds, storm surge, and the removal of billboards/hoardings.
- (7) Stock **essential relief items**, including food, paramedics, and medicine, in regions likely to be cut-off during severe weather.
- (8) Ensure individuals in unsecured mud ("kacha") houses and lowlying areas have evacuated and sought shelter. The evacuation sites selected must be assessed for structural strength.
- (9) Coordinate with relevant departments, including NHA, FWO, C&W, and line departments, to assess and prepare for damage to roads, bridges, and critical infrastructure.
- (10) Ensure stocking and functionality of necessary equipment and resources for rapid response and recovery operations, including road clearance and restoration of utility services.
- (11) Coordinate with electric companies, such as K-Electric and departments falling under Power Division, and enact safety measures to prevent electrical hazards during the cyclone and restore services in case of disruptions.

- (12) Ensure hospitals are fully staffed and on alert status, with alternate energy sources such as generators, to provide uninterrupted medical services during power outages.
- (13) Advise relevant district administrations to take **protective measures in low-lying areas against storm surge activity**.
- (14) Take necessary measures to address **inundation issues** caused by heavy rainfall, coastal floods, and storm surges in Karachi and surrounding regions.
- (15) Proactively **implement dewatering plans for underpasses** in Karachi to prevent urban flooding.
- (16) Ensure the availability of dewatering pumps at vulnerable points.
- (17) Ensure the **functionality and emergency maintenance** of nullahs/sewerage systems to **prevent waterlogging** and **drainage issues**.
- (18) NEOC at NDMA is operational round the clock for TC BIPARJOY timely monitoring and coordination. All concerned to timely / repeatedly / proactively update NDMA and other stakeholders on the cyclone's progress, potential impacts, and response measures.

b. Rescue Services (1122 / Civil Defence / Fire / Ambulance)

- (1) Continuously assess and reinforce emergency personnel staffing.
- (2) **Activate emergency teams** at critical and vulnerable locations for immediate response readiness.
- (3) **Monitor and maintain rescue vehicles and equipment** to address cyclone-related issues.
- (4) Prioritize **safe and efficient completion** of ongoing emergency evacuation efforts as directed by PDMA, DDMAs, and District Administrations.
- (5) Establish effective communication / coordination for **deploying** additional HR support from Rescue 1122 Punjab.
- (6) Maintain **situational awareness through regular updates** from meteorological agencies for adaptive response strategies.
- (7) Reinforce communication channels for critical updates and instructions to deployed personnel and affected population.
- (8) Implement measures to safeguard deployed personnel's well-being, including rest rotations, essential supplies, and support systems.

c. <u>Law Enforcement Agencies</u>

- (1) Maintain optimal staffing levels to effectively respond to the emergency situation.
- (2) Provide support to expedite / ensure the successful completion of emergency evacuation efforts in accordance with directives from PDMA, DDMAs, and District Administrations.
- (3) Establish and enforce measures to enhance security of evacuation zones, ensuring the safety of evacuated individuals and their belongings.
- (4) Take necessary actions to maintain law and order in disasteraffected areas.
- (5) **Implement travel restrictions** to prevent individuals from entering vulnerable areas at-risk of adverse weather conditions, safeguarding their safety and reducing potential rescue operations.

d. <u>Fisheries Department</u>

- (1) Enforce strict prohibition on fishermen venturing into the open sea during the cyclone's landfall today to ensure their safety.
- (2) Collaborate with port authorities to identify secure harbors and provide clear instructions for securing boats and equipment to prevent damage and hazards in the strong winds.

e. Port Authorities

- (1) Implement stringent measures to secure vessels at berths in the harbor, ensuring all lines are properly secured and strengthened.
- (2) Ensure thorough securing of loose equipment on board ships to prevent any potential dangers during the cyclone.
- (3) Secure and protect open equipment/items in harbor areas to minimize the risk of damage or accidents.

f. Health Department / Hospitals

- (1) Activate emergency medical facilities such as field hospitals and mobile clinics in areas directly affected by the cyclone, equipped with essential medical supplies, including oxygen cylinders and life-saving drugs.
- (2) **Prepare hospitals for emergency admissions**, ensuring sufficient capacity, resources, and medical staff to **handle the influx of patients**.

- (3) **Deploy mobile medical teams and equipment** to provide immediate medical assistance to disaster-affected areas.
- (4) Maintain an **ample stockpile of essential medicines** to meet the increased demand during the cyclone.
- (5) **Keep Basic Health Units / Rural Health Units on high alert** and ready to respond to any emergency situations.
- (6) Ensure optimal staffing levels with adequate doctors, nurses, and paramedics to provide uninterrupted medical services.

g. National Highway Authority (NHA) / Provincial Highway Authority

- (1) Collaborate closely with local authorities and transport departments to immediately address road closures and obstructions caused by the cyclone, establishing alternative routes and detours.
- (2) Mobilize heavy earthmoving machinery to clear critical chokepoints and ensure the restoration of blocked/disrupted road arteries.
- (3) Conduct **immediate assessments** of bridges, flyovers, and culverts in vulnerable areas for any damages and prioritize prompt repairs or reinforcement for public safety.

h. **Electric DISCO / K-Electric**

- (1) Maintain a high level of vigilance among maintenance staff for the emergency restoration of disrupted electrical services during and after the cyclone.
- (2) **Pre-position emergency maintenance teams** for rapid deployment to affected areas once conditions permit.
- (3) **Ensure the availability of dewatering equipment** at vulnerable and critical grid stations to handle any flooding or water-related issues.
- (4) **Continuously monitor power grids** to promptly detect and address faults, tripping, or electrical hazards throughout the cyclone.
- (5) Deploy additional electrical crews and equipment to assist in power restoration efforts in severely affected areas as soon as it is safe to do so.

i. Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority (PEMRA)

(1) Ensure immediate and continuous broadcast of advisories, alerts, and public awareness messages issued by Disaster Management

- Authorities through all public and private media outlets, with regular intervals, particularly during prime time.
- (2) **Disseminate information** in local languages, including Sindhi, Balochi, Seraiki, etc., to reach a wider audience and ensure effective communication with local communities.
- (3) Strictly monitor and prevent the broadcast of false or misleading information by media outlets to avoid confusion and maintain public trust.

j. Pakistan Telecommunications Authority (PTA)

- (1) Facilitate the dissemination of warnings and advisories through Cellular Mobile Operators (CMOs) to reach the maximum number of people in affected areas.
- (2) **Prioritize the swift restoration** of disrupted telecommunication services in the cyclone-affected areas to enable effective communication and coordination.
- (3) Coordinate with CMOs for the deployment of Mobile COWs (Cell on Wheels) to ensure the availability of uninterrupted telecom services in the affected areas.
- (4) **Establish robust communication protocols** for emergency responders and field teams to ensure seamless coordination and exchange of critical information during the cyclone.
- (5) **Ensure backup communication links** are in place to address any disruptions to the terrestrial communication infrastructure.

k. <u>Armed Forces (Army, Navy, Air Force, Maritime Security, Coast Guards)</u>

- (1) Ensure the safety and maintenance of troops, personnel, aviation assets, rescue boats, and hovercraft to support rescue and relief operations during and after the cyclone, allocating additional resources as necessary.
- (2) **Safeguard the well-being** of search and rescue personnel deployed in coastal areas, taking necessary precautions to ensure their safety during emergencies.
- (3) Maintain availability of assets and personnel for conducting reconnaissance of disaster-affected areas to assess the extent of damage and prioritize relief efforts.

- (4) **Fully stock relief and medical camps**, ensuring an adequate supply of essential resources to assist the affected population, and allocate additional resources as needed.
- (5) **Provide immediate assistance** to the Local Administration in the disaster-affected areas, supporting their efforts to mitigate the impact and provide relief to affected communities.

I. Pakistan Meteorological Department (PMD)

- (1) In light of the rapid intensification of cyclonic system, issue two-hourly advisories, ensuring timely dissemination to all stakeholders and DM Organizations.
- (2) Ensure close **collaboration with NDMA's Technical Team** to timely assess region-specific impacts.

m. **SUPARCO**

(1) Prepare and **provide daily inundation projections to NDMA**, detailing the impacts of TC BIPARJOY on low-lying / coastal / adjoining areas.

n. Local Communities

- (1) Engage local communities at traditionally / historically hazard-prone sites to enable **round-the-clock monitoring**.
- (2) Advise local communities to adhere to directives of Local Administration on emergency evacuation procedures.
- (3) Advise **fishermen to exercise appropriate caution** while in coastal areas.
- (4) Fishermen in Sindh and Balochistan to NOT VENTURE into the open sea until 17 June 2023.
- (5) Establish a reliable communication system to deliver **real-time weather** updates and guidance to fishing communities.
- (6) Farmers / cattle herders to be advised to take all necessary mitigative and precautionary measures to safeguard their crops and livestock, i.e. timely harvesting, safe storage, safe sheltering or any precaution from adverse effects of dust-wind-thunderstorms.
- (7) Stay away from electric poles and wires during the cyclone to avoid electrical hazards.
- (8) Ensure you have **essential supplies**, including a hurricane lantern, flashlight, important documents and spare batteries.

- (9) Stock up on non-perishable food and store extra drinking water in covered containers.
- (10) **Evacuate low-lying beaches and flood-prone areas** before they become inaccessible due to rising tides or flooding.
- (11) Stay **vigilant for high water** in areas near rivers or streams during **heavy rainfall**.
- (12) Remove and store objects that can become projectiles in strong winds.
- (13) Follow the **instructions of authorities and remain in shelters** until you are informed it is safe to return home.
- (14) Avoid **touching loose or dangling wires** and keep away from disaster areas unless you are involved in assisting with relief efforts.
- 6. **PDMAs Punjab & Khyber Pakhtunkhwa**. Ensure readiness to provide necessary support and assistance including rescue, relief and medical to disaster affected areas of Balochistan and Sindh as required.
- 7. Two hourly updates on developing the weather system will be uploaded on NDMA's website and social media handles for reference of all stakeholders. All concerned are requested to ensure continuous monitoring and proactive preparations against likely impacts.
- 8. Forwarded for your information / further necessary action, please.

(Muhammad Ali Khan) Director (Response)

Tel No: 051-9030924 Fax No: 051-9030729

(Distribution List Below)

Distribution List

To: Chief Secretary, Government of Balochistan, Quetta

Chief Secretary, Government of Sindh, Karachi

Chief Secretary, Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Peshawar

Chief Secretary, Government of Punjab, Lahore

Secretary, Ministry of Interior, Islamabad

Secretary, Ministry of Communications, Islamabad

Secretary, Ministry of Maritime Affairs, Islamabad

Director General, Pakistan Meteorological Department, Islamabad

Directorate General Ports & Shipping, Karachi

Chairman, National Highway Authority, Islamabad

Inspector General, National Highways & Motorway Police, Islamabad

Chairman, Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority, Islamabad

Chairman, Pakistan Telecommunications Authority, Islamabad

Principal Information Officer, Press Information Department, Islamabad

Headquarters, Pakistan Maritime Security Agency, Karachi

Headquarters, Pakistan Coast Guard, Karachi

Director General, PDMA Balochistan, Quetta

Director General, PDMA Sindh, Karachi

Director General, PDMA Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Peshawar

Director General, PDMA Punjab, Lahore

Chairman, Karachi Port Trust

Chairman, Port Qasim Trust

Secretary, Department of Fisheries, Balochistan

Secretary, Department of Fisheries, Karachi

Secretary, Department of Fisheries, Quetta

Director General, Rescue 1122 Balochistan, Quetta

Director General, Rescue 1122 Sindh, Karachi

Headquarters, Frontier Works Organization (FWO), Rawalpindi

Commissioner Karachi Division

Commissioner Hyderabad Division

SACRED, SUPARCO, Islamabad

Chief Meteorologist, Tropical Cyclone Warning Centre (PMD), Karachi

Director, National Institute of Oceanography, Karachi

Chairman, Balochistan Coastal Development Authority, Gwadar

Chairman, Sindh Coastal Development Authority, Karachi

Managing Director, K-Electric Karachi

Country Coordinator, UNOCHA, Islamabad

Coordinator, Welthungerhilfe (WHH), Islamabad

Country Coordinator, Pakistan Humanitarian Forum, Islamabad

Chairperson, National Humanitarian Network, Islamabad

Cc: Secretary to Prime Minister, Prime Minister's Office, Islamabad

Secretary, Cabinet Division, Islamabad

Chairman, Federal Flood Commission, Islamabad

Joint Crises Management Cell, Joint Staff Headquarters, Chaklala Cantt

Staff Duties Directorate (SD Coord), COAS Sectt, GHQ, Rawalpindi

Military Operations Directorate (MO-4), General Headquarters, Rawalpindi Cantt

ACNS (Operations), Naval Headquarters, Islamabad

ACAS (Operations), Air Headquarters, Islamabad

GSO-1, Inter-Services Public Relations, General Headquarters, Rawalpindi Cantt

Annex A

PMD PRESS RELEASE - TC ALERT 27



Government of Pakistan

Ministry of Aviation
Marine Meteorology and Tropical Cyclone Warning Centre

Pakistan Meteorological Department

University Road Karachi-75270

Tel: 021-99261417 Fax: 021-99261405

TC- Alert 27 (Warning # 14 for Southeast Sindh-Thatta, Sujawal, Badin, Tharparker, Umerkot & Mirpurkhas)

Date: 15 June 2023
Time: 2130 PST

Landfall of Very Severe Cyclonic Storm (BIPARJOY)

The Very Severe Cyclonic Storm (VSCS) "BIPARJOY" over northeast Arabian Sea started land falling along Indian Gujarat coast (Jakhau port) and Pakistan-India border around Latitude 23.0°N & Longitude 68.3°E at a distance of 150km from Keti Bandar, 200km from Thatta & 245km from Karachi. The landfall process will get complete by midnight. Maximum sustained surface winds are 100-120 Km/hour gusts 130 Km/hour around the system center and sea conditions being rough/phenomenal with maximum wave height 20-25 feet.

Possible Impacts:

Under its influence:

- Widespread rain-thunderstorm with some heavy/very heavy falls accompanied with squally winds of 80-100Km/hour likely in Thatta, Sujawal, Badin, Tharparker, Mirpurkhas & Umerkot districts till 17 June.
- Dust/thunderstorm-rain with a few heavy falls & accompanied with gusty winds of 30-50 Km/hour likely
 in Karachi, Hyderabad, Tando Muhammad Khan, Tando Allayar, Shaheed Benazirabad & Sanghar
 districts tonight and tomorrow.
- Squally winds may cause damage to loose & vulnerable structures (Kutcha houses) in Thatta, Sujawal,
 Badin, Tharparker and Umerkot districts.
- Storm surge of 2-2.5 meters (6-8 feet) expected along Keti Bandar & surrounding which can inundate the low-lying areas.
- Sea conditions along Sindh-Makran coast likely to be rough/ very rough (2-2.5 meter).
- Fishermen are advised not to venture in open sea till the system is over by 17 June.