

Key Guidelines for Winter Travel Safety

Check Weather Forecast

Regularly check NDMA's website & mobile app for updated weather information.



Check Alerts/Advisories

Check websites of respective PDMA / GBDMA / SDMA for area specific alerts / advisories.













Check NH&MPH Website

Before departing, check with National Highways & Motorway Police (NH&MP) on their website for road conditions of intended route.

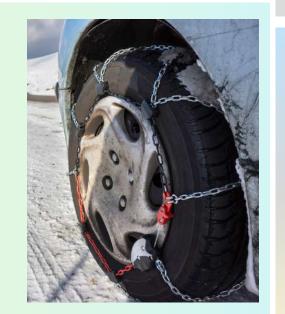


Take Travel Essentials

Carry basic travel necessities i.e., drinking water, medicine and enough snacks / food which can suffice for basic needs of all accompanying travelers for a period of at least 48 hours.



Check requirement of anti-skid/ tire chains and coordinate its availability in case of need.



Vehicle Maintenance Before Travel

Ensure proper checking and maintenance of vehicle from a mechanic before commencement of journey. Also carry a spare tire, radiator fluids and lubricants, as advised by the mechanic.





Carry Warm Clothes

Carry enough quantity of warm clothing for all passengers to keep warm during extreme weather conditions and provide an option of changing into dry clothes, if required.



Ensure Fresh Air Circulation

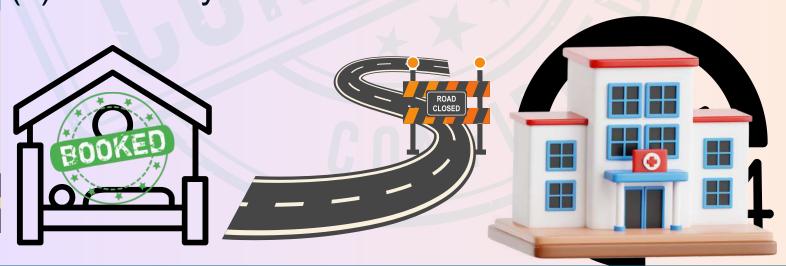
Keep passage for fresh air circulation through air conditioning mechanism or keeping a window slightly open.



Confirm Accommodation Before Travel

Ensure availability of accommodation and seek prior confirmation from hotel / guestroom for reservations before departing on trip, including:-

- (a)Prevailing situation in the area
- (b)Road condition and diversions
- (c)Traffic flow pattern and busy hours to avoid traffic jams.
- (d)Availability of medical and health facilities





Key Guidelines for Local Administration / Hotel Management

Strengthen Local Monitoring Systems

Energize existing local administration / DDMA and line department-based monitoring and reporting mechanism.



Awareness Campaigns on Region level

Prepare general and region specific awareness campaigns and ensure wide spread propagation of likely threats / hazards.



Deploy Medical Resources

Medical resources, paramedics, equipment and medicine be deployed as per the vulnerability / risks identified in different regions.



Travel Advisory on Road Conditions

LEAs along with traffic police to advise travelers regarding likely situations of road closure/slippery conditions and use of precautionary measures.



Warn Tourists About Risk Zones

Travelers and tourists be forewarned about likely risks posed at vulnerable locations.



Community-Based Hazard Monitoring

Engage local communities at hazard prone sites to enable round the clock monitoring and feedback mechanism for early warnings and alerts.



Pre-Position Machinery

In coordination with NHA / FWO, local C&W and line departments to devise and pre-place appropriate machinery at vulnerable / choke points.



Traffic Management Plans

Devise city-based snow clearance and traffic management plans especially in snow prone areas likely to face greater influx of tourists.



Establish Emergency Operations Center

Establish Emergency Operations Centers (EOCs) at district and provincial levels for continuous monitoring of the situation. Ensure coordination of response efforts among relevant agencies through these centers.





National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA)